

Trust Financial Statements

慈善信託基金財務報表

基金信託人現謹提呈截至二〇一四年六月三十日止年度的年報及已審核財務報表。

主要活動

根據信託契約，在過去一年香港賽馬會慈善信託基金（「信託基金」）主要活動為資助本港慈善機構及社區計劃。

業績

信託基金本年度業績詳情見於第二百一十頁的收益表。在年報及已審核財務報表內一切金額數字，除非另外說明，否則均以百萬港元表值。

基金

信託基金本年度的基金變動情況見財務報表附註9。

捐款

年內信託基金撥款三十六億零六百萬港元作慈善用途，詳情見第一百二十二頁至一百三十頁。

基金信託人

信託基金信託人由香港賽馬會（「馬會」）的十二位董事兼任，成員名單詳列於本年報第三頁。

管理合約

在本年度內，信託基金並無為整體業務或其中任何重要部分的行政管理事宜簽訂任何合約，亦無任何有關的現存合約。

核數師

有關財務報表已經由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核，該核數師亦按章引退，但符合資格且願意續受聘任。

本報告乃根據基金信託人的決議案制定並由本人代表基金信託人簽發。

主席

施文信

二〇一四年七月二十五日

The Trustees have pleasure in submitting their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the year, The Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust (the "Trust") was primarily engaged in supporting charitable organisations and community projects in Hong Kong in accordance with the Trust Deed.

RESULTS

The results of the Trust for the year are set out in the income statement on page 210. All figures in the annual report and the audited financial statements are expressed in millions of Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated.

FUNDS

Movements in funds of the Trust during the year are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Trust allocated HK\$3,606 million for charitable purposes, as shown on pages 122 to 130.

TRUSTEES

The Trustees of the Trust are the twelve Stewards of The Hong Kong Jockey Club (the "Club") as listed on page 3 of this annual report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Trust were entered into or existed during the year.

AUDITORS

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

This report is prepared in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Trustees and is signed for and on behalf of the Board.

T. Brian Stevenson

Chairman

25 July 2014

致香港賽馬會慈善信託基金信託人
(於香港成立)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第二百一十頁至二百四十頁香港賽馬會慈善信託基金(「信託基金」)的財務報表。此等財務報表包括二〇一四年六月三十日的信託基金財務狀況表,以及截至該日止年度的收益表、全面收益表、基金變動表及現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋。

基金信託人就財務報表所須承擔的責任

基金信託人須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港賽馬會慈善信託基金契約編製財務報表,以令財務報表作出真實而公平的反映,及落實其認為編製財務報表所必要作出的內部控制,以使財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對此等財務報表作出意見,並按照香港賽馬會慈善信託基金契約僅向基金信託人報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定此等財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關財務報表所載金額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估此等風險時,核數師考慮與信託基金編製真實而公平地反映財務狀況的財務報表有關的內部控制,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非為對信託基金的內部控制的效能發表意見。審核亦包括評價基金信託人所採用的會計政策的合適性及所作會計估算的合理性,以及評價財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審核憑證充足和適當地為我們的審核意見提供了基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映信託基金於二〇一四年六月三十日的業務狀況及截至該日止年度的盈餘及現金流量。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港,二〇一四年七月二十五日

TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB CHARITIES TRUST
(established in Hong Kong)

We have audited the financial statements of The Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust (the "Trust") set out on pages 210 to 240, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014, and the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in funds and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and The Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust Deed, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with The Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust Deed and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Trustees, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Trust as at 30 June 2014, and of its surplus and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 25 July 2014

截至六月三十日止年度 百萬港元	for the year ended 30 June in HK\$ million	附註 Note	資本基金 Capital Fund		撥款基金 Allocations Fund		總額 Total	
			2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
				(重列) (restated)		(重列) (restated)		(重列) (restated)
來自香港賽馬會集團的捐款	Donations from The Hong Kong Jockey Club Group		–	500	3,000	1,400	3,000	1,900
出售投資的盈餘	Surplus on sale of investments		56	1,567	4	131	60	1,698
投資所得股息收益	Dividend income from investments							
– 上市	– listed		93	167	6	16	99	183
– 另類投資	– alternative investments		185	98	97	78	282	176
投資所得利息收益	Interest income from investments							
– 上市	– listed		–	2	9	12	9	14
– 非上市	– unlisted		–	–	3	8	3	8
存款利息收益	Interest income from deposits		3	2	25	17	28	19
衍生金融工具的淨(虧損)/收益	Net (losses)/gains of derivative financial instruments		(1)	59	7	(2)	6	57
按公平價值透過損益列賬的其他財務資產的淨收益	Net gains of other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		–	–	–	1	–	1
所佔合營公司溢利	Share of profits of joint ventures	4	419	151	109	154	528	305
無人認領彩金及退款	Forfeited dividends and refunds		–	–	56	53	56	53
管理費用	Management expenses	13.1	–	–	(59)	(53)	(59)	(53)
財務費用	Finance costs		–	–	(9)	–	(9)	–
撥捐慈善機構及社區計劃前的盈餘	Surplus before allocation to charitable organisations and community projects		755	2,546	3,248	1,815	4,003	4,361
尚未動用的過往撥款	Previous allocations not utilised		–	–	74	511	74	511
撥款予慈善機構及社區計劃	Allocation to charitable organisations and community projects		–	–	(3,606)	(1,950)	(3,606)	(1,950)
撥入基金的淨額盈餘/(虧損)	Net surplus/(deficit) transferred to Funds	9	755	2,546	(284)	376	471	2,922

截至六月三十日止年度 百萬港元	for the year ended 30 June in HK\$ million	附註 Note	資本基金 Capital Fund		撥款基金 Allocations Fund		總額 Total	
			2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
撥入基金的淨額盈餘/(虧損)	Net surplus/(deficit) transferred to Funds		755	2,546	(284)	376	471	2,922
其他全面收益/(虧損)	Other comprehensive income/(loss)							
其後可能重新分類撥入收益表的項目	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement							
可供出售財務資產	Available-for-sale financial assets							
價值變動	Change in value	9	522	181	(2)	54	520	235
所佔合營公司其他全面收益/(虧損)	Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of joint ventures	4	1,751	(347)	199	(75)	1,950	(422)
本年度全面收益/(虧損)總額	Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		3,028	2,380	(87)	355	2,941	2,735

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	附註 Note	資本基金 Capital Fund			撥款基金 Allocations Fund			總額 Total		
			二〇一四年 六月三十日 at 30 June 2014	二〇一三年 六月三十日 at 30 June 2013	二〇一二年 七月一日 at 1 July 2012	二〇一四年 六月三十日 at 30 June 2014	二〇一三年 六月三十日 at 30 June 2013	二〇一二年 七月一日 at 1 July 2012	二〇一四年 六月三十日 at 30 June 2014	二〇一三年 六月三十日 at 30 June 2013	二〇一二年 七月一日 at 1 July 2012
			(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)
非流動資產	Non-current assets										
合營公司投資	Investments in joint ventures	4	16,475	14,311	5,838	4,092	3,743	3,581	20,567	18,054	9,419
長期投資	Long-term investments	5	8,907	8,037	13,126	–	–	–	8,907	8,037	13,126
貸款及應收款項	Loans and receivables		–	–	–	65	–	–	65	–	–
			25,382	22,348	18,964	4,157	3,743	3,581	29,539	26,091	22,545
流動資產	Current assets										
用以資助慈善項目的投資	Investments held to fund charitable projects	6	–	–	–	2,078	2,201	3,238	2,078	2,201	3,238
貸款及應收款項	Loans and receivables		4	–	–	49	37	36	53	37	36
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	10	–	10	16	–	2	4	–	12	20
短期存款	Short-term deposits	7	–	–	–	3,925	2,349	1,953	3,925	2,349	1,953
銀行存款	Bank balances		–	–	–	11	11	18	11	11	18
			4	10	16	6,063	4,600	5,249	6,067	4,610	5,265
流動負債	Current liabilities										
尚待支付的撥款	Allocations awaiting payment	8	–	–	–	(9,284)	(7,303)	(7,159)	(9,284)	(7,303)	(7,159)
其他應付款項	Other payables		–	–	–	(1)	(11)	(2)	(1)	(11)	(2)
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	10	–	–	(2)	–	(7)	(2)	–	(7)	(4)
			–	–	(2)	(9,285)	(7,321)	(7,163)	(9,285)	(7,321)	(7,165)
流動資產/(負債)淨額	Net current assets/(liabilities)		4	10	14	(3,222)	(2,721)	(1,914)	(3,218)	(2,711)	(1,900)
			25,386	22,358	18,978	935	1,022	1,667	26,321	23,380	20,645
基金	Funds	9	25,386	22,358	18,978	935	1,022	1,667	26,321	23,380	20,645

基金信託人
施文信
葉錫安

T. Brian Stevenson
Simon S O Ip
Trustees

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund		撥款基金 Allocations Fund		總額 Total	
		2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
截至七月一日止的基金總值	Total funds at 1 July	22,358	18,978	1,022	1,667	23,380	20,645
本年度全面收益/(虧損)總額	Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	3,028	2,380	(87)	355	2,941	2,735
重新調配	Re-allocation	-	1,000	-	(1,000)	-	-
截至六月三十日止的基金總值	Total funds at 30 June	25,386	22,358	935	1,022	26,321	23,380

截至六月三十日止年度 百萬港元	for the year ended 30 June in HK\$ million	附註 Note	2014	2013
				(重列) (restated)
營業活動	Operating activities	12		
無人認領彩金及退款	Forfeited dividends and refunds		56	53
來自香港賽馬會集團的捐款	Donations from The Hong Kong Jockey Club Group		3,000	1,900
付款予慈善機構及社區計劃	Payments to charitable organisations and community projects		(1,551)	(1,295)
應收款項增加	Increase in receivables		(8)	–
其他應付款項(減少)/增加	(Decrease)/increase in other payables		(10)	9
賽馬會潛西洲公眾高爾夫球場有限公司所借貸款	Loan made to The Jockey Club Kau Sai Chau Public Golf Course Limited		(50)	–
賽馬會文物保育有限公司所借貸款	Loan made to The Jockey Club CPS Limited		(24)	–
管理費用	Management expenses		(59)	(53)
營業活動所產生的淨現金	Net cash generated from operating activities		1,354	614
投資活動	Investing activities			
對合營公司所作注資	Capital injection into joint ventures		(35)	(5,188)
已收取利息	Interest received		36	40
已收取股息	Dividends received		381	359
購買可供出售財務資產	Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets		(6,433)	(16,238)
出售可供出售財務資產	Sale of available-for-sale financial assets		6,330	20,642
出售按公平價值透過損益列賬的其他財務資產	Sale of other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		–	24
對衍生金融工具所收淨額款項	Net receipt for derivative financial instruments		5	72
投資活動所產生/(所用)的淨現金	Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities		284	(289)
現金及現金等價物淨增加	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,638	325
年初現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,360	1,971
兌換(虧損)/收益	Exchange (losses)/gains		(62)	64
年底現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		3,936	2,360
現金及現金等價物結存分析	Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents			
短期存款	Short-term deposits	7	3,925	2,349
銀行存款	Bank balances		11	11
			3,936	2,360

1 一般資料

信託基金的主要活動，是根據信託契約資助本港的慈善機構及社區計劃。

信託基金在香港成立，註冊地址為香港跑馬地體育道壹號。

除另有註明外，財務報表以百萬港元為單位列賬。

刊載於第二百一十頁至二百四十頁的財務報表，基金信託人已於二〇一四年七月二十五日審核批准。

2 主要會計政策

下列是用以編製財務報表的主要會計政策。除另有註明外，這些會計政策均一概用於列示的所有年度。

2.1 編製原則

財務報表根據香港會計師公會所頒佈的香港財務報告準則編製。

財務報表採用原值成本慣例，並對可供出售財務資產、按公平價值透過損益列賬的財務資產及財務負債，以及衍生金融工具的重估作出修訂。該等項目均以公平價值列賬。

按香港財務報告準則編製財務報表時，需要作出若干重要的會計估算，亦需要管理層在應用信託基金會計政策的過程中運用其判斷力。有關涉及較多判斷或較為複雜的範疇，又或在財務報表內需作重大假設及估計的範疇，已於附註3內披露。

(a) 於本會計年度生效的新訂及經修訂準則和修訂

香港財務報告準則第10號	綜合財務報表
香港財務報告準則第11號	合營安排
香港財務報告準則第12號	在其他實體的權益披露
香港財務報告準則第13號	公平價值計算
香港會計準則第28號(2011)	於聯營及合營公司的投資
香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)	金融工具：披露 – 財務資產及財務負債的對銷

採納以下新訂及經修訂準則，對財務報表構成影響，並導致信託基金的會計政策有若干變更。

香港財務報告準則第10號「綜合財務報表」—以現有原則為基礎，確定控制權概念作為釐定實體應否計入母公司綜合財務報表的決定性因素。該準則提供額外指引，在難以評估控制權的情況下，協助釐定控制權。

香港財務報告準則第11號「合營安排」—針對該項安排各方的權利及責任，而非其法定形式。合營安排分為兩大類別：合資經營及合營公司。在合資經營下，投資者有權獲得與安排有關的資產，並須對負債負責。合資經營者會將其所占的資產、負債、收入及開支份額入賬。在合營公司中，投資者有權獲得與安排有關的淨資產；合營公司使用權益法入賬。合營安排不可再使用比例併法入賬。香港財務報告準則第11號規定追溯應用。有關採納香港財務報告準則第11號對財務報表所構成的影響，請參閱附註15。

香港財務報告準則第12號「在其他實體的權益披露」—包括在其他實體（包括合營安排、聯營公司、結構性實體及其他資產負債表外工具）所持的所有形式權益的披露規定。

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The Trust is primarily engaged in supporting charitable organisations and community projects in Hong Kong in accordance with the Trust Deed.

The Trust is established in Hong Kong. The address of its registered office is One Sports Road, Happy Valley, Hong Kong.

The financial statements are presented in millions of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$ million), unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements on pages 210 to 240 were approved by the Board of Trustees on 25 July 2014.

2 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRS”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and derivative financial instruments which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Trust’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

(a) New and revised standards and amendments that are effective for the current accounting period

HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement
HKAS 28 (2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Financial Instruments: Disclosure – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The adoption of the following new and revised standards has impacts on the financial statements and has resulted in some changes in the Trust’s accounting policies.

HKFRS 10 ‘Consolidated Financial Statements’ – builds on existing principles by identifying the concept of control as the determining factor in whether an entity should be included within the consolidated financial statements of the parent company. The standard provides additional guidance to assist in the determination of control where this is difficult to assess.

HKFRS 11 ‘Joint Arrangements’ – focuses on the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangement rather than its legal form. There are two types of joint arrangements: joint operations and joint ventures. Joint operations arise where the investors have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities of an arrangement. A joint operator accounts for its share of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Joint ventures arise where the investors have rights to the net assets of the arrangement; joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method. Proportionate consolidation of joint arrangements is no longer permitted. HKFRS 11 requires retrospective application. See note 15 for the impact of adoption on the financial statements.

HKFRS 12 ‘Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities’ – includes the disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, associates, structured entities and other off balance sheet vehicles.

2 主要會計政策 (續)**2.1 編製原則 (續)****(a) 於本會計年度生效的新訂及經修訂準則和修訂 (續)**

香港財務報告準則第13號「公平價值計算」- 透過為公平價值提供精確定義，並為適用於各香港財務報告準則的公平價值計算及披露規定訂定單一來源，達至促進統一及減低複雜程度的目標。有關規定是香港財務報告準則與美國公認會計原則大致看齊的成果，當中並無擴大公平價值的會計適用範圍，而是在香港財務報告準則內其他準則已規定或准許使用的情況下，就其應用方式提供指引。

採納以下經修訂準則和修訂，並無對財務報表構成任何重大影響，亦未導致信託基金的會計政策有任何變更。

香港會計準則第28號(2011)「於聯營公司及合營公司的投資」- 訂明權益法同時適用於合營公司及聯營公司。根據權益法，投資項目初時按成本確認，其後再因應信託基金在所投資公司所佔的淨資產於收購後的變動作出調整。全面收益表包括信託基金所佔的收購後溢利或虧損，以及信託基金在所投資公司所佔的其他全面收益變動。

香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)「金融工具：披露- 財務資產及財務負債的對銷」- 修訂訂明新披露規定，主要是有關在財務狀況表對銷的已確認金融工具的定量資料，以及該等訂有總淨額結算或類似安排的已確認金融工具的定量資料，而不論有關工具是否已作出對銷。

(b) 與信託基金業務有關但未生效而並未提早採納的新訂準則和修訂

以下是已公佈並須於二〇一四年七月一日或之後開始的信託基金會計年度強制採納的新訂準則和修訂：

香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具
香港會計準則第32號(修訂)	財務資產及財務負債的對銷
2013年度改進	2011-2013年度週期的年度改進

信託基金現正評估此等新訂準則和修訂於採納初期所構成的影響，但仍未能確定此等新訂準則和修訂會否對信託基金的經營業績及財政狀況構成重大影響。

2.2 合營安排

於二〇一二年七月一日，信託基金已把香港財務報告準則第11號應用於所有合營安排。根據香港財務報告準則第11號，在合營安排持有的投資項目，乃按照各投資者的合約權利及責任，而分為合資經營或合營公司。信託基金已評估其合營安排的性質，並釐定該等安排為合營公司。合營公司採用權益法入賬。

根據權益會計法，在合營公司持有的權益初時按成本確認，其後再因應信託基金於收購後所佔溢利或虧損及其他全面收益變動而作出調整。倘信託基金所佔的合營公司虧損，等於或超過其在合營公司所持權益(包括實際上構成信託基金在合營公司持有的淨投資一部分的任何長期權益)，則信託基金將不會確認額外虧損，除非信託基金已代合營公司承擔責任或代其作出付款。

2 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**2.1 Basis of preparation (cont.)****(a) New and revised standards and amendments that are effective for the current accounting period (cont.)**

HKFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' - aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across HKFRSs. The requirements, which are largely aligned between HKFRSs and US generally accepted accounting principles, do not extend the use of fair value accounting but provide guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards within HKFRSs.

The adoption of the following revised standards and amendments does not have any significant impact on the financial statements and has not led to any changes in the Trust's accounting policies.

HKAS 28 (2011) 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - stipulates that the equity method shall be applied to both joint ventures and associates. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Trust's share of net assets of the investee. The statement of comprehensive income includes the Trust's share of the post-acquisition profit or loss and the Trust's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee.

HKFRS 7 (Amendments) 'Financial Instruments: Disclosure - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities' - the amendments stipulate new disclosure requirements which focus on quantitative information about recognised financial instruments that are offset in the statement of financial position, as well as those recognised financial instruments that are subject to master netting or similar arrangements irrespective of whether they are offset.

(b) New standard and amendments that are relevant to the Trust's operations but are not yet effective and not early adopted

The following new standard and amendments have been published and are mandatory for the Trust's accounting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2014.

HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments
HKAS 32 (Amendments)	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Annual Improvements 2013	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle

The Trust is still in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these new standard and amendments will be in the period of initial application, but not yet in a position to state whether these new standard and amendments will have a significant impact on the Trust's results of operations and financial position.

2.2 Joint arrangements

The Trust has applied HKFRS 11 to all joint arrangements as of 1 July 2012. Under HKFRS 11 investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor. The Trust has assessed the nature of its joint arrangements and determined them to be joint ventures. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method of accounting, interests in joint ventures are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Trust's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income. When the Trust's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interests in the joint ventures (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Trust's net investment in the joint ventures), the Trust does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint ventures.

2 主要會計政策 (續)

2.2 合營安排 (續)

信託基金與其合營公司交易的未變現收益會作對銷，並以信託基金在合營公司所持權益為限。除非有證據顯示交易中所轉讓的資產出現減值，否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。合營公司的會計政策已作必要修訂，以確保與信託基金所採納的政策貫徹一致。會計政策變更已自二〇一二年七月一日起應用。

會計政策變更對信託基金於二〇一二年七月一日及二〇一三年六月三十日的財務狀況、以及對信託基金截至二〇一三年六月三十日止年度的全面收益及現金流量所構成的影響，詳見附註15。

2.3 基金

信託基金包括資本基金及撥款基金。資本基金乃長線投資並將所得收益再投資於資本基金上，作未來用途。撥款基金乃投資於證券及短期存款中，並用作慈善捐款用途。撥款基金收益包括投資收益、存款利息、馬會及其各附屬公司的捐款，以及無人認領彩金和退款。

2.4 長期投資

長期投資 (包括合營公司投資) 乃持作非買賣用途，並於呈報期末按照公平價值列賬，但以攤銷成本列賬的貸款及應收款項則除外。有關長期投資財務資產的會計政策載於附註2.6。

2.5 用以資助慈善項目的投資

持有用以資助慈善項目的投資 (包括合營公司投資) 的主要目的，在於將剩餘資金再作投資，以加強現金管理及獲取更高回報。用以資助慈善項目的投資於呈報期末按照公平價值列賬，但以攤銷成本列賬的貸款及應收款項則除外。有關用以資助慈善項目的投資財務資產的會計政策載於附註2.6。

2.6 財務資產

信託基金將其財務資產分為以下類別：可供出售財務資產、按公平價值透過損益列賬的財務資產、貸款及應收款項，以及現金及現金等價物。分類視乎信託基金取得有關財務資產的目的而定，管理層會於初步確認財務資產時釐定其所屬類別，再於每一呈報日重新評估其所屬類別。長期投資、用以資助慈善項目的投資及合營公司投資，均可包括這些財務資產。購入及出售的財務資產，均於交易日亦即信託基金承諾買賣資產當日確認。並非透過公平價值按損益列賬的所有財務資產，初時以公平價值另加交易成本確認。透過公平價值按損益列賬的財務資產，初時以公平價值確認，而交易成本則在收益表列賬。

當從投資收取現金流的權利已終止或被轉讓，而信託基金實質上已轉讓有關投資的一切風險及回報擁有權時，信託基金會取消確認財務資產。

2 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

2.2 Joint arrangements (cont.)

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Trust and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Trust's interest in the joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Accounting policies of the joint ventures have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Trust. The change in accounting policy has been applied as from 1 July 2012.

The effects of the change in accounting policies on the financial position of the Trust at 1 July 2012 and 30 June 2013, and the comprehensive income and cash flows of the Trust for the year ended 30 June 2013 are shown in note 15.

2.3 Funds

The Trust comprises two funds, the Capital Fund and the Allocations Fund. The Capital Fund is held in the form of long-term investments with income reinvested for the future. The Allocations Fund is invested in securities and short-term deposits, and is used for charitable donations. Income to the Allocations Fund includes income from investments, interest earned on deposits, donations from the Club and its subsidiaries, and forfeited dividends and refunds.

2.4 Long-term investments

Long-term investments (including investments in joint ventures) are held for non-trading purposes and are stated at fair value except for loans and receivables which are stated at amortised cost at the end of the reporting period. The accounting policy for the financial assets of the long-term investments is stated in note 2.6.

2.5 Investments held to fund charitable projects

The primary purpose of investments held to fund charitable projects (including investments in joint ventures) is to invest surplus funds for cash management and yield enhancement. They are stated at fair value except for loans and receivables which are stated at amortised cost at the end of the reporting period. The accounting policy for the financial assets of the investments held to fund charitable projects is stated in note 2.6.

2.6 Financial assets

The Trust classifies its financial assets in the following categories: available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and cash and cash equivalents. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of the financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date. The long-term investments, investments held to fund charitable projects and the investments in joint ventures may contain these financial assets. Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade day – the date on which the Trust commits to purchase or sell the assets. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Trust has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

2 主要會計政策 (續)**2.6 財務資產 (續)****(a) 可供出售財務資產**

可供出售財務資產是非衍生工具，只列入這類別或不列入任何其他類別。除非投資期限已到或管理層有意於呈報期末起計十二個月內出售資產，否則可供出售財務資產將列作非流動資產。可供出售財務資產包括本地及海外上市或非上市股票、債務證券及/或另類投資。有關資產的公平價值變動，將記入其他全面收益及保留於投資重估儲備賬內，直至有關資產已出售為止。於出售有關資產時，所得的淨收入與賬面價值兩者的差額，以及先前在其他全面收益內確認及其後由投資重估儲備重新分類撥入收益的累積收益或虧損，將列入「出售投資的盈餘/虧損」項下。

另類投資包括對沖基金、私募股權基金及私募房地產基金。若另類投資並無在活躍的市場報價，信託基金將參考獨立基金經理用估值技巧對這些基金所定的價值，以決定其公平價值。

(b) 按公平價值透過損益列賬的財務資產

這類別包括衍生金融工具及附有衍生工具的票據。信託基金採用衍生金融工具，例如利率掉期、股票期權、遠期外匯合約及期貨合約，藉以管理財務風險及協助推行投資策略。衍生金融工具初時以訂立有關合約當日的公平價值列賬，隨後再按其公平價值進行重新估值。

這些資產的公平價值變動，均記入該期收益表內，除非衍生金融工具用作對沖，否則於出售或購回有關資產時，所得的淨出售收入或淨付款項與賬面價值兩者的差額，則記入收益表內。此類別的資產若預計將於十二個月內結算，將列作流動資產，否則將列作非流動資產。

(c) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項是指有固定或可釐定付款且沒有在活躍市場上報價的非衍生工具財務資產。這些資產會按實際利息成本攤銷法列入流動資產內，惟於呈報期末起計十二個月以後到期的資產，則列作非流動資產。信託基金貸款及應收款項包括財務狀況表所載的「貸款及應收款項」。

(d) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款、所持現金，以及可隨時轉換為已知現金額的其他短期高流動投資，而其所承受的價值變動風險甚低。在信託基金財務狀況表，有固定期限的銀行存款將列作「短期存款」，而其他現金及現金等價物則列作「銀行存款」。

2.7 財務資產減值

信託基金會在每一呈報期末評估是否存在客觀證據證明某項財務資產已經減值。只有當存在客觀證據，證明於首次確認資產後曾發生一宗或多宗導致出現減值的事務（「虧損事故」），並能可靠地估計該宗或多宗虧損事故，對該項財務資產的估計未來現金流量將會構成的影響，則該項財務資產才算出現減值及減值虧損。信託基金未必能找出導致出現減值的單一個別事故，因為減值可能是由於多項事故一併造成的影響所致。倘預期會因日後發生事故而導致虧損，無論可能性有多大，信託基金亦不會確認有關的預計虧損。

2 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**2.6 Financial assets (cont.)****(a) Available-for-sale financial assets**

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within 12 months of the end of the reporting period. They comprise local and overseas listed or unlisted equities, debt securities and/or alternative investments. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and retained in the investment revaluation reserve until the assets are sold. On the sale of these assets, the differences between the net sale proceeds and the carrying value, and the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income and subsequently reclassified from investment revaluation reserve to income are included in "Surplus/deficit on sale of investments".

Alternative investments include investments in hedge funds, private equity funds and private real estate funds. For those which do not have quoted market prices in an active market, their fair values will be determined with reference to the values established by external fund managers using valuation techniques.

(b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

This category consists of notes with derivative financial instruments and embedded derivatives. The Trust uses derivatives such as interest rate swaps, equity options, foreign exchange forward contracts and future contracts to manage its financial risks and to facilitate the implementation of its investment strategies. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value.

Changes in the fair value of these assets are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Upon disposal or repurchase, the difference between the net sale proceeds or the net payment and the carrying value is included in the income statement unless the derivatives are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current assets.

(c) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method and are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period where these are classified as non-current assets. The Trust's loans and receivables comprise "Loans and receivables" in the statement of financial position.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include bank balances, cash in hand and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. In the Trust's statement of financial position, deposits placed at bank for a fixed term are classified as "Short-term deposits" while other elements of cash and cash equivalents represent "Bank balances".

2.7 Impairment of financial asset

The Trust assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. A financial asset is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated. It may not be possible to identify a single, discrete event that caused the impairment. Rather the combined effect of several events may have caused the impairment. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised.

2 主要會計政策 (續)

2.7 財務資產減值 (續)

(a) 列作可供出售的資產

就列作可供出售的股票及另類投資而言，證明有關投資出現減值的客觀證據，可能包括若干資訊，而此等資訊則會顯示因技術、市場、經濟或法律環境出現重大改變，以致投資成本未必可以收回，以及投資的公平價值會大幅或長期跌至低於其成本值。若可供出售的財務資產存在此等證據時，累計虧損 — 按購買成本與當時公平價值的差額，減去該財務資產先前在收益表確認的任何減值虧損計算，並由投資重估儲備重新分類，記入收益表內。在收益表內確認的股本投資工具及另類投資減值虧損，不會透過收益表撥回。

(b) 以攤銷成本列賬的資產

就債務證券以及貸款及應收款項而言，虧損款額是以資產賬面價值，與按財務資產原來實際利率折現計算的估計將來現金流量現值兩者的差額計算。資產的賬面價值將會減少，而虧損款額將記入收益表內。

若在一段時間後，減值虧損款額客觀上因在減值確認後所發生的事故（例如債務人的信貸評級獲提升）而有所減少，則先前已確認的減值虧損將在收益表撥回。

2.8 外幣兌換

(a) 功能貨幣及呈報貨幣

信託基金的財務報表內所列的項目，均以其從事業務的主要經濟環境內使用的貨幣（「功能貨幣」）計算。信託基金財務報表以港元列示，港元是其功能貨幣。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易以交易日或項目重估估值日的匯率伸算為功能貨幣。外幣交易結算產生的兌換收益及虧損，直接記入收益表內。以外幣計算的資產及負債，則以呈報期末的收市匯率伸算為港元。兌換差額記入收益表內，惟可供出售財務資產的非貨幣項目（例如股票）的兌換差額，則記入投資重估儲備內。

2.9 收入確認

利息收益以實際利息法按時間比例作基準計算。股息收益於收取股息的權利確定時列賬。

2.10 撥款予慈善機構及社區計劃

撥予慈善機構及社區計劃的款項，經基金信託人批准後，即記入收益表內。

2.11 無人認領彩金及退款

根據香港賽馬會博彩規例，所有在指定限期之內無人認領的彩金及退款將撥作慈善用途。這些款項均直接支付予本信託基金。

2.12 有關連人士

就這些財務報表而言，若信託基金有能力直接或間接控制另一方，或可對另一方的財務及經營決策具有重大影響力，或反之亦然，或若信託基金與另一方受共同控制，則此另一方乃視為有關連人士。有關連人士可為個人或實體。

2 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

2.7 Impairment of financial asset (cont.)

(a) Assets classified as available-for-sale

For equities and alternative investments classified as available-for-sale, objective evidence of impairment for an investment may include information about significant changes taking place in the technological, market, economic or legal environment which indicates that the cost of the investment may not be recovered, as well as a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in the income statement is reclassified from investment revaluation reserve to income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity instruments and alternative investments are not reversed through the income statement.

(b) Assets carried at amortised cost

For debt securities and loans and receivables, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

2.8 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Trust are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “functional currency”). The Trust financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Trust's functional currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency transactions are recognised directly in the income statement. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period. The differences arising from translation are recognised in the income statement except for translation differences on non-monetary items of available-for-sale financial assets, such as equities, which are included in the investment revaluation reserve.

2.9 Revenue recognition

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

2.10 Allocations to charitable organisations and community projects

Allocations to charitable organisations and community projects are charged to the income statement when they are approved by the Board of Trustees.

2.11 Forfeited dividends and refunds

In accordance with The Hong Kong Jockey Club's Betting Rules, dividends and refunds which are not claimed within the specified period are deemed to be donated for charitable purposes. These amounts are paid directly to the Trust.

2.12 Related party

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Trust if the Trust has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Trust and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or entities.

3 關鍵會計估算及判斷

在編製財務報表時，管理層須作出重大判斷，以挑選及應用會計原則，包括作出估計及假設。以下是受這些判斷及不明確因素影響的主要會計政策。若情況不同或採用不同的假設，則呈報金額可能有所不同。

合營安排

信託基金在香港賽馬會股票基金（「股票基金」）及 Stellar Performer Global Series（「債券基金」）所持的權益分別為百分之四十九點三及百分之五十點九。根據合約協議，信託基金對該等安排具有共同控制權，而所有相關活動必須取得協議各方的一致同意。

慈善信託基金的合營安排以信託基金（即股票基金及債券基金）形式組成，並賦予信託基金及協議各方權利，可根據有關安排享有合營公司的淨資產。因此，該等安排歸類為合營公司。

4 合營公司投資

於二〇一四年六月三十日合營公司詳情如下：

實體名稱 Name of entity	註冊成立國家 Country of incorporation	主要業務 Principal activities	法定股本及已繳足股本 Authorised and paid up capital	計算方式 Measurement method
香港賽馬會股票基金 HKJC Equity Trust Fund	開曼群島 Cayman Island	投資股票 investment in equities	不適用 n/a	權益 Equity
Stellar Performer Global Series	開曼群島 Cayman Island	投資債務證券 investment in debt securities	不適用 n/a	權益 Equity

於六月三十日，信託基金及其相關實體在股票基金及債券基金直接持有的實際百分比如下：

The effective percentages directly held by the Trust and its related entities in Equity Trust and Bond Trust as of 30 June were as follows:

		股票基金 Equity Trust		債券基金 Bond Trust	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
香港賽馬會慈善信託基金	The Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust	49.3%	48.6%	50.9%	49.7%
香港賽馬會	The Hong Kong Jockey Club	45.3%	45.7%	44.7%	45.8%
香港賽馬會員工退休福利計劃	The Hong Kong Jockey Club Retirement Benefits Scheme	5.4%	5.7%	4.4%	4.5%
		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund		撥款基金 Allocations Fund		總額 Total	
		2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
七月一日	At 1 July	14,311	5,838	3,743	3,581	18,054	9,419
(贖回)/注資	(Redemption)/capital injection	(6)	8,669	41	83	35	8,752
所佔溢利	Share of profits	419	151	109	154	528	305
所佔其他全面收益/(虧損)	Share of other comprehensive income/(loss)	1,751	(347)	199	(75)	1,950	(422)
六月三十日	At 30 June	16,475	14,311	4,092	3,743	20,567	18,054

3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to exercise significant judgements in the selection and application of accounting principles, including making estimates and assumptions. The following significant accounting policies are impacted by judgements and uncertainties and for which different amounts may be reported under a different set of conditions or using different assumptions.

Joint arrangements

The Trust holds 49.3% and 50.9% of the HKJC Equity Trust Fund (“Equity Trust”) and the Stellar Performer Global Series (“Bond Trust”) respectively. The Trust has joint control over these arrangements as under the contractual agreements, unanimous consent is required from all parties to the agreements for all relevant activities.

The Trust’s joint arrangements are structured as trusts (i.e. Equity Trust and Bond Trust) and provide the Trust and the parties to the agreements with rights to the net assets of these joint ventures under the arrangements. Therefore, these arrangements are classified as joint ventures.

4 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

Details of the joint ventures as of 30 June 2014 are as follows:

4 合營公司投資 (續)

根據合營公司截至二〇一三年六月三十日止的管理或已審核賬目而編製的財務資料摘要如下：

4 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (cont.)

A summary of financial information of the joint ventures based on their management or audited accounts as of 30 June 2013 is as follows:

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	100%	資本基金持有的 實際百分比 Capital Fund's effective interest	撥款基金持有的 實際百分比 Allocations Fund's effective interest	信託基金持有的 實際百分比 Trust's effective interest
		(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)
虧損 / (收益)	Loss / (income)				
股票基金	Equity Trust	(346)	(157)	(11)	(168)
債券基金	Bond Trust	902	308	165	473
除稅後虧損 / (溢利)	Loss / (profit) after taxation				
股票基金	Equity Trust	(346)	(157)	(11)	(168)
債券基金	Bond Trust	902	308	165	473
其他全面虧損	Other comprehensive loss				
股票基金	Equity Trust	(340)	(154)	(11)	(165)
債券基金	Bond Trust	(524)	(193)	(64)	(257)
			股票基金 Equity Trust	債券基金 Bond Trust	總額 Total
			信託基金持有的 實際百分比 Trust's effective interest	信託基金持有的 實際百分比 Trust's effective interest	信託基金持有的 實際百分比 Trust's effective interest
百萬港元	in HK\$ million	100%	100%	100%	100%
		(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)
非流動資產	Non-current assets				
可供出售財務資產	Available-for-sale financial assets				
股票	Equities				
在香港上市	Listed in Hong Kong	2,088	1,015	–	–
在海外上市	Listed overseas	8,706	4,235	–	–
債務證券	Debt securities				
在海外上市	Listed overseas	–	–	11,789	5,848
非上市	Unlisted	–	–	5,485	2,743
尚待投資的資金	Funds awaiting investment	7,525	3,661	996	496
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	–	–	55	27
流動資產	Current assets				
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	76	36	246	124
流動負債	Current liabilities				
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	(51)	(24)	(134)	(68)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities				
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	–	–	(78)	(39)
		18,344	8,923	18,359	9,131
資本基金	Capital Fund	–	8,312	–	5,999
撥款基金	Allocations Fund	–	611	–	3,132
		–	8,923	–	9,131

合營公司的債券基金所持的債務證券，設有加權平均實際利率百分之三點四三（二〇一三年：百分之三點一八）。債務證券的賬面價值與其公平價值相若，而其加權平均餘下期限則為七年（二〇一三年：九年）。

The debt securities carried weighted average effective interest rate of 3.43% for the joint ventures under the Bond Trust (2013: 3.18%). The carrying amounts of the debt securities approximated their fair values and their weighted average remaining maturities were 7 years (2013: 9 years).

4 合營公司投資 (續)

4 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (cont.)

		股票基金 Equity Trust		債券基金 Bond Trust	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		(重列) (restated)		(重列) (restated)	
投資以下列貨幣折算：	Investments were denominated in the following currencies:				
美元	United States Dollars (“USD”)	55%	34%	66%	62%
港元	Hong Kong Dollars (“HKD”)	11%	13%	–	–
英鎊	Pound Sterling (“GBP”)	7%	10%	3%	10%
韓國圓	Korean Won (“KWR”)	5%	–	–	–
歐羅	Euro (“EUR”)	4%	7%	21%	15%
日圓	Japanese Yen (“JPY”)	–	4%	3%	4%
其他貨幣	Other currencies	18%	32%	7%	9%
		100%	100%	100%	100%

信託基金的合營公司所持有的衍生金融工具

Trust’s derivative financial instruments in joint ventures

		股票基金 Equity Trust					
		資本基金 Capital Fund		撥款基金 Allocations Fund		總額 Total	
		資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
百萬港元	in HK\$ million						
遠期外匯合約	Foreign exchange forward contracts	–	(4)	–	–	–	(4)
二〇一四年六月三十日	At 30 June 2014	–	(4)	–	–	–	(4)
分析如下：	Analysed as:						
流動部分	Current	–	(4)	–	–	–	(4)
遠期外匯合約	Foreign exchange forward contracts	11	(14)	1	(1)	12	(15)
期貨	Futures	23	(9)	1	–	24	(9)
二〇一三年六月三十日，如重列	At 30 June 2013, as restated	34	(23)	2	(1)	36	(24)
分析如下：	Analysed as:						
流動部分	Current	34	(23)	2	(1)	36	(24)

4 合營公司投資 (續)

4 INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (cont.)

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	債券基金 Bond Trust					
		資本基金 Capital Fund		撥款基金 Allocations Fund		總額 Total	
		資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
遠期債券合約	Forward contracts on bonds	2	(1)	–	–	2	(1)
遠期外匯合約	Foreign exchange forward contracts	6	(17)	5	(10)	11	(27)
期貨	Futures	7	(6)	5	(4)	12	(10)
期權	Options	1	(1)	1	–	2	(1)
掉期	Swaps	27	(24)	18	(17)	45	(41)
二〇一四年六月三十日	At 30 June 2014	43	(49)	29	(31)	72	(80)
分析如下：	Analysed as:						
流動部分	Current	27	(25)	20	(16)	47	(41)
非流動部分	Non-current	16	(24)	9	(15)	25	(39)
		43	(49)	29	(31)	72	(80)
遠期債券合約	Forward contracts on bonds	2	(2)	–	–	2	(2)
遠期外匯合約	Foreign exchange forward contracts	48	(26)	32	(19)	80	(45)
期貨	Futures	14	(15)	9	(10)	23	(25)
期權	Options	–	(1)	1	(1)	1	(2)
掉期	Swaps	26	(20)	19	(13)	45	(33)
二〇一三年六月三十日，如重列	At 30 June 2013, as restated	90	(64)	61	(43)	151	(107)
分析如下：	Analysed as:						
流動部分	Current	74	(40)	50	(28)	124	(68)
非流動部分	Non-current	16	(24)	11	(15)	27	(39)
		90	(64)	61	(43)	151	(107)

信託基金在合營公司持有的權益並無涉及任何或然負債。

There were no contingent liabilities relating to the Trust's interest in the joint ventures.

5 長期投資

5 LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund	
		2014	2013
			(重列) (restated)
可供出售財務資產	Available-for-sale financial assets		
股票	Equities		
在香港上市	Listed in Hong Kong	3,126	2,853
在海外上市	Listed overseas	240	183
		3,366	3,036
另類投資	Alternative investments		
非上市	Unlisted	5,262	3,660
		8,628	6,696
尚待投資的資金	Funds awaiting investment	77	465
存款	Deposits	202	876
		8,907	8,037
衍生金融工具(附註10)	Derivative financial instruments (note 10)	-	10

存款的加權平均實際利率為百分之零點七一(二〇一三年：百分之零點四八)。存款的賬面價值與其公平價值相若，而其加權平均餘下期限則為零點零三年(二〇一三年：零點零七年)。

The deposits carried weighted average effective interest rate of 0.71% (2013: 0.48%). The carrying amounts of the deposits approximated their fair values and their weighted average remaining maturities were 0.03 year (2013: 0.07 year).

		2014	2013
			(重列) (restated)
長期投資以下列貨幣折算：	Long-term investments were denominated in the following currencies:		
美元	USD	64%	59%
港元	HKD	36%	41%
		100%	100%

6 用以資助慈善項目的投資

6 INVESTMENTS HELD TO FUND CHARITABLE PROJECTS

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	撥款基金 Allocations Fund	
		2014	2013
			(重列) (restated)
可供出售財務資產	Available-for-sale financial assets		
股票	Equities		
在香港上市	Listed in Hong Kong	221	210
在海外上市	Listed overseas	17	13
		238	223
債務證券	Debt securities		
在香港上市	Listed in Hong Kong	239	303
在海外上市	Listed overseas	28	–
非上市	Unlisted	146	195
		413	498
另類投資	Alternative investments		
非上市	Unlisted	1,422	1,446
		2,073	2,167
尚待投資的資金	Funds awaiting investment	5	34
		2,078	2,201
衍生金融工具 (附註10)	Derivative financial instruments (note 10)	–	(5)

債務證券的加權平均實際利率為百分之二點八四 (二〇一三年：百分之二點六六)。債務證券的賬面價值與其公平價值相若，而其加權平均餘下期限則為一點四一年 (二〇一三年：一點四四年)。

The debt securities carried weighted average effective interest rate of 2.84% (2013: 2.66%). The carrying amounts of the debt securities approximated their fair values and their weighted average remaining maturities were 1.41 years (2013: 1.44 years).

		2014	2013
用以資助慈善項目的投資以下列貨幣折算：	Investments held to fund charitable projects were denominated		(重列) (restated)
	in the following currencies:		
美元	USD	87%	86%
港元	HKD	13%	14%
		100%	100%

7 短期存款

短期存款的加權平均實際利率為百分之一點四五 (二〇一三年：百分之一點二一)。短期存款的賬面價值與其公平價值相若，而其加權平均餘下期限則為六十九日 (二〇一三年：九十九日)。短期存款以港元或美元折算。

7 SHORT-TERM DEPOSITS

The weighted average effective interest rate on short-term deposits was 1.45% (2013: 1.21%). The carrying amounts of short-term deposits approximated their fair values and their weighted average remaining maturities were 69 days (2013: 99 days). The short-term deposits were denominated in HKD or USD.

8 尚待支付的撥款

由於信託基金沒有權力無條件地將撥款付款期延遲至由呈報期末起計最少十二個月之後，因此信託基金將尚待支付的撥款列作流動負債。然而，基於信託基金已撥款資助的慈善項目性質，此等撥款的預計付款期可能較呈報期末超出多於十二個月。管理層估計，截至六月三十日尚待支付的撥款預期於下列期限支出：

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	2014	2013
於一年內	Within one year	2,702	2,870
於第二至第三年內	In the second to third year inclusive	2,878	2,591
於第三年後	After the third year	3,704	1,842
		9,284	7,303

撥款的確實付款期視乎個別慈善項目的進度而定，並可能與上述的預計付款期有所不同。

8 ALLOCATIONS AWAITING PAYMENT

The Trust classifies the allocations awaiting payment as current liabilities as the Trust does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the allocations for at least 12 months after the reporting period. However, due to the inherent nature of the projects for which allocations have been made by the Trust, the period in which these allocations are expected to be paid may be greater than 12 months after the reporting period. Based on the estimates of the management, as at 30 June, the allocations awaiting payment are expected to be paid:

The actual timing of the payments is dependent upon the progress of the individual projects and may differ from the expected schedule presented above.

9 基金

9 FUNDS

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund			撥款基金 Allocations Fund		
		基金結餘 Fund balance	投資重估儲備 Investment revaluation reserve	總額 Total	基金結餘 Fund balance	投資重估儲備 Investment revaluation reserve	總額 Total
二〇一三年七月一日	At 1 July 2013	22,239	119	22,358	1,020	2	1,022
轉撥自收益表	Transfer from income statement	755	–	755	(284)	–	(284)
可供出售財務資產的重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets	–	538	538	–	3	3
可供出售財務資產出售時的已變現收益 重新分類撥入收益表	Realised gains on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets reclassified to income statement	–	(16)	(16)	–	(5)	(5)
		–	522	522	–	(2)	(2)
所佔合營公司的其他全面收益	Share of other comprehensive income of joint ventures	–	1,751	1,751	–	199	199
二〇一四年六月三十日	At 30 June 2014	22,994	2,392	25,386	736	199	935
二〇一二年七月一日，如先前呈報	At 1 July 2012,						
	as previously reported	18,693	285	18,978	1,644	23	1,667
轉撥自收益表	Transfer from income statement	2,546	–	2,546	376	–	376
重新調配	Re-allocation	1,000	–	1,000	(1,000)	–	(1,000)
可供出售財務資產的重估盈餘， 如重列(附註15(b)(ii))	Surplus on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, as restated (note 15(b)(ii))	–	187	187	–	20	20
可供出售財務資產出售時的已變現(收益)/虧損 重新分類撥入收益表，如重列(附註15(b)(ii))	Realised (gains)/losses on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets reclassified to income statement, as restated (note 15(b)(ii))	–	(6)	(6)	–	34	34
		–	181	181	–	54	54
就以下項目作出調整：	Adjustment in respect of:						
所佔合營公司的其他全面虧損， 如重列(附註15(b)(ii))	Share of other comprehensive loss of joint ventures, as restated (note 15(b)(ii))	–	(347)	(347)	–	(75)	(75)
二〇一三年六月三十日	At 30 June 2013	22,239	119	22,358	1,020	2	1,022

10 衍生金融工具

百萬港元

二〇一四年六月三十日

遠期外匯合約
期貨

二〇一三年六月三十日，如重列

分析如下：
流動部分**10 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

in HK\$ million

At 30 June 2014Foreign exchange forward contracts
Futures

At 30 June 2013, as restated

Analysed as:
Current

	資本基金 (附註 5) Capital Fund (note 5)		撥款基金 (附註 6) Allocations Fund (note 6)		總額 Total	
	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	1	(7)	1	(7)
Futures	10	-	1	-	11	-
At 30 June 2013, as restated	10	-	2	(7)	12	(7)
Analysed as:						
Current	10	-	2	(7)	12	(7)

11 稅項

信託基金獲豁免繳納香港利得稅，因此並無作出稅項準備。

11 TAXATION

No provision for taxation has been made because the Trust is exempt from Hong Kong profits tax.

12 現金流量表附註**其他重大非現金項目**

截至二〇一三年六月三十日止年度，信託基金以提供可供出售財務資產之方式，投資於股票基金合營公司，其公平價值為三十五億六千四百萬港元。截至二〇一四年六月三十日止年度，並無進行有關注資。

12 NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**Other significant non-cash item**

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Trust invested in the Equity Trust joint venture through contribution of available-for-sale financial assets at a fair value of HK\$3,564 million. For the year ended 30 June 2014, no such contribution was made.

13 與有關連人士之交易

信託基金與馬會及轄下各附屬公司均有關連。由於馬會董事局成員亦同時擔任信託基金信託人，以及賽馬會濶西洲公眾高爾夫球場有限公司和賽馬會文物保育有限公司董事局成員，因此信託基金與賽馬會濶西洲公眾高爾夫球場有限公司及賽馬會文物保育有限公司均有關連。

信託基金與其他有關連人士已進行的交易如下：

13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Trust is related to the Club and its subsidiaries. It is also related to The Jockey Club Kau Sai Chau Public Golf Course Limited ("KSCGC") and The Jockey Club CPS Limited ("CPS") as the Club's Stewards are also the Trustees of the Trust and the Directors of KSCGC and CPS.

The following transactions were carried out by the Trust with other related parties:

13.1 管理費用

管理費用包括就馬會提供的行政及支援服務，向其支付的管理費用五千八百萬港元（二〇一三年：五千三百萬港元）。

13.1 Management expenses

Management expenses included HK\$58 million (2013: HK\$53 million) for administrative and support services provided by the Club.

13.2 向賽馬會濶西洲公眾高爾夫球場有限公司借出的貸款

於呈報期末，信託基金的流動資產內的貸款及應收款項中包括一筆三千萬港元（二〇一三年：三千萬港元）的款項。這筆款項是信託基金向賽馬會濶西洲公眾高爾夫球場有限公司借出貸款的結餘，有關貸款毋須收取利息和並無抵押，但須於信託基金作出要求時償還。信託基金的非流動資產內的貸款及應收款項中包括一筆四千三百萬港元（二〇一三年：無）的款項。這筆款項是信託基金向賽馬會濶西洲公眾高爾夫球場有限公司借出貸款的結餘，有關貸款毋須收取利息和並無抵押，但須於二零一三年六月三十日償還。應收非流動貸款的七百萬港元（二〇一三年：無）的認定利息支出，已於收益表中確認。有關款項的賬面價值與其公平價值相若。

13.2 Loans to KSCGC

At the end of the reporting period, included under the loans and receivables in current assets was HK\$30 million (2013: HK\$30 million) made by the Trust to KSCGC representing the balance of an interest-free, unsecured loan repayable on demand. Included under the loans and receivables in non-current assets was HK\$43 million (2013: nil) made by the Trust to KSCGC representing the balance of an interest-free, unsecured loan repayable by 30 June 2033. A deemed interest expense of HK\$7 million (2013: nil) was recorded in the income statement for the non-current loan. The carrying amounts of the loans approximated their fair values.

13 與有關連人士之交易 (續)

13.3 向賽馬會文物保育有限公司借出的貸款

於呈報期末，信託基金的非流動資產內的貸款及應收款項中包括一筆二千二百萬港元(二〇一三年：無)的款項。這筆款項是信託基金向賽馬會文物保育有限公司借出貸款的結餘，有關貸款毋須收取利息和並無抵押，但須於到期日亦即賽馬會文物保育有限公司與香港特別行政區政府訂立的租約期滿時償還。應收非流動貸款的二百萬港元(二〇一三年：無)的認定利息支出，已於收益表中確認。有關款項的賬面價值與其公平價值相若。

14 財務風險管理

14.1 財務風險因素

信託基金的投資活動(包括對合營公司的投資)承受著多方面的財務風險：市場風險(包括貨幣風險、股票價格風險及利率風險)、流動資金風險及信貸風險。信託基金的整體風險管理計劃，集中針對金融市場不可預測的特性，目的是盡量減低對信託基金財務表現的潛在不利影響。信託基金使用衍生金融工具，以管理及減低須承受的若干風險。

信託基金的主要財務資產，包括存款、債券、股票及其他另類投資，由馬會庫務部及獨立專業基金經理進行管理。

馬會庫務部根據馬會財務及一般事務委員會批核的投資政策及風險管理指引，進行風險管理。投資限制及指引，則構成風險管理不可或缺的一部分。信託基金根據每項基金的投資目標，對個別基金訂定限制及指引，以進行投資風險管理。

(a) 市場風險

(i) 貨幣風險

貨幣風險是指因以外幣計算的投資及交易所用匯率出現不利變動，而引致虧損的風險。

信託基金的資產及負債主要以美元或港元計算。港元與美元掛鈎，因此外匯風險可視為僅屬輕微。其餘的貨幣風險，乃因在全球市場作多元化的股票及債券投資所致。

下表顯示於呈報期末，若以下各主要貨幣兌港元的匯率按下列百分比的幅度增強/轉弱，在其他所有可變因素均維持不變的情況下，信託基金的盈餘將增加/減少如下：

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	2014		2013	
		若貨幣按下列百分比的幅度增強/轉弱 If currency strengthened/weakened by	對年內撥入基金的盈餘的影響 Effect on surplus transferred to Funds for the year	若貨幣按下列百分比的幅度增強/轉弱 If currency strengthened/weakened by	對年內撥入基金的盈餘的影響 Effect on surplus transferred to Funds for the year
歐羅	EUR	5%	35	5%	35
人民幣	RMB	5%	18	5%	17
英鎊	GBP	5%	13	5%	16
日圓	JPY	5%	8	5%	11

(ii) 股票價格風險

股票價格風險是指因股票價格變動而引致虧損的風險。由於股票價格下跌，會令股票投資的價值下降，因此信託基金承受著股票價格風險。這些投資在財務狀況表內列入可供出售財務資產項下。

於呈報期末，若各項相關權益工具的價格上升/下跌百分之五，在其他所有可變因素均維持不變的情況下，信託基金的權益的其他組成部份，會因可供出售投資的公平價值變動而增加/減少七億二千六百萬港元(二〇一三年：六億五千九百萬港元)。

13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (cont.)

13.3 Loan to CPS

At the end of the reporting period, included under the loans and receivables in non-current assets was HK\$22 million (2013: nil) made by the Trust to CPS representing the balance of an interest-free, unsecured loan repayable by the maturity date which is the expiry of the term of the tenancy agreement between CPS and the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. A deemed interest expense of HK\$2 million (2013: nil) was recorded in the income statement for the loan. The carrying amount of the loan approximated its fair value.

14 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

14.1 Financial risk factors

The Trust's investment activities including investments in joint ventures, expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, equity price risk and interest rate risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. The Trust's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Trust's financial performance. The Trust uses derivative financial instruments to manage and reduce certain risk exposures.

The Trust's major financial assets include deposits, bonds, equities and other alternative investments, which are managed by the Treasury Department of the Club and external professional fund managers.

Risk management is carried out by the Treasury Department of the Club under investment policies and risk management guidelines approved by the Club's Finance and General Purposes Committee. Investment constraints and guidelines form an integral part of risk control. Fund-specific restrictions and guidelines are set according to the investment objectives of each fund to control risks of the investments.

(a) Market risk

(i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk of loss due to adverse movements in foreign exchange rates relating to investments and transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

The Trust's assets and liabilities are primarily denominated in USD or HKD. The HKD is pegged to the USD, and thus foreign exchange exposure is considered as minimal. The remaining currency exposure arises from globally diversified investments in equities and bonds.

The following table indicates that at the end of the reporting period, if the following major currencies had strengthened/weakened against the HKD by the stated percentages, with all other variables held constant, the Trust's surplus would have increased/decreased as follows:

	2014		2013	
	若貨幣按下列百分比的幅度增強/轉弱 If currency strengthened/weakened by	對年內撥入基金的盈餘的影響 Effect on surplus transferred to Funds for the year	若貨幣按下列百分比的幅度增強/轉弱 If currency strengthened/weakened by	對年內撥入基金的盈餘的影響 Effect on surplus transferred to Funds for the year
歐羅	5%	35	5%	35
人民幣	5%	18	5%	17
英鎊	5%	13	5%	16
日圓	5%	8	5%	11

(ii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of loss arising from changes in equity prices. The Trust is exposed to equity price risk as the value of its equity investments will decline if equity prices fall. These investments are classified as available-for-sale financial assets in the statement of financial position.

At the end of the reporting period, if the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 5% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Trust's other components of equity would have increased/decreased by HK\$726 million (2013: HK\$659 million) as a result of the changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments.

14 財務風險管理 (續)**14.1 財務風險因素 (續)****(a) 市場風險 (續)****(iii) 利率風險**

利率風險是指因市場利率變動而引致虧損的風險，分為公平價值利率風險及現金流量利率風險。公平價值利率風險是指市場利率變動，引致財務資產價格波動的風險。現金流量利率風險則指市場利率變動，引致財務資產日後現金流量出現波動的風險。由於信託基金有重大的計息投資，因此同時承受著公平價值及現金流量利率風險。

於呈報期末，由於利率實質接近零，若利率增加五十基點，在其他所有可變因素均維持不變的情況下，年內信託基金的盈餘將上升三千三百萬港元（二〇一三年：二千五百萬港元），而信託基金的權益的其他組成部份將下降約一億五千二百萬港元（二〇一三年：二億三千四百萬港元）。

信託基金透過策略性資產分配及為基金設定的投資基準，監控市場風險。貨幣風險透過監控非港元/美元的貨幣風險予以限制。至於股票價格風險，則透過採納按行業及證券類別作多元化全球風險分散的基準予以減低。利率風險方面，則透過制訂基準期限指引及投資於多種的定息及浮息工具來控制。

(b) 流動資金風險

流動資金風險是指現有資金可能無法償付到期時所承擔的風險。此外，信託基金亦可能無法於短期內以接近公平價值的價格將財務資產變現。

為確保備有足夠資金償付債項，及有能力籌集資金應付額外需要，信託基金保留足夠現金及具市場價值之證券，並主要投資於交投活躍的金融市場及工具。

信託基金亦透過預計所需現金及監控營運資金，進行預計現金流量分析，管理流動資金風險，以確保可應付所有到期債項及已知的資金需求。

信託基金截至六月三十日止的非衍生財務負債及以毛額基準結算的衍生財務負債，均按照其合約到期日劃分的有關期限組別而作出分析。下表所披露的款額為合約未折現現金流量：

		2014			
百萬港元	in HK\$ million	三個月或以下 Up to 3 months	三個月至一年 >3 months to 1 year	一年以上 Over 1 year	總額 Total
非衍生財務負債	Non-derivative financial liabilities				
尚待支付的撥款	Allocations awaiting payment	9,284	-	-	9,284
其他應付款項	Other payables	1	-	-	1
以毛額基準結算的衍生財務負債	Gross-settled derivative financial liabilities	39	6	39	84
		9,324	6	39	9,369
		2013			
百萬港元	in HK\$ million	三個月或以下 Up to 3 months	三個月至一年 >3 months to 1 year	一年以上 Over 1 year	總額 Total
非衍生財務負債	Non-derivative financial liabilities				
尚待支付的撥款	Allocations awaiting payment	7,303	-	-	7,303
其他應付款項	Other payables	11	-	-	11
以毛額基準結算的衍生財務負債	Gross-settled derivative financial liabilities	92	7	39	138
		7,406	7	39	7,452

14 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)**14.1 Financial risk factors (cont.)****(a) Market risk (cont.)****(iii) Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk refers to the risk of loss arising from changes in market interest rates. This can be further classified into fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Trust is exposed to both fair value and cash flow interest rate risks as the Trust has significant investments that are interest bearing.

At the end of the reporting period, since interest rates are essentially at close to zero, if there had been a general increase of 50 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, the Trust's surplus for the year would have been HK\$33 million higher (2013: HK\$25 million). The Trust's other components of equity would have been approximately HK\$152 million lower (2013: HK\$234 million) in response to the general increase in interest rates.

The Trust controls and monitors market risk through strategic asset allocation and the investment benchmarks set for the funds. Currency risk is contained by monitoring the non-HKD/USD exposure. Equity price risk is mitigated by adopting benchmarks that are diversified globally, by sectors and by securities. Interest rate risk is controlled through benchmark duration guidelines and by investing across a spectrum of fixed and floating rate instruments.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that available funds may not be sufficient to meet obligations as they fall due. In addition, the Trust may not be able to liquidate its financial assets at a price close to fair value within a short period of time.

To ensure sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities and the ability to raise funds to meet exceptional needs, the Trust maintains sufficient cash and marketable securities and invests primarily in liquid financial markets and instruments.

The Trust also employs projected cash flow analysis to manage liquidity risk by forecasting the amount of cash required and monitoring the working capital of the Trust to ensure that all liabilities due and known funding requirements can be met.

The non-derivative financial liabilities and gross-settled derivative financial liabilities of the Trust as at 30 June are analysed into relevant maturity buckets based on their contractual maturity dates. The amounts disclosed in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows:

14 財務風險管理 (續)

14.1 財務風險因素 (續)

(b) 流動資金風險 (續)

於二〇一四年六月三十日，信託基金所持有的未平倉遠期外匯合約最高名義價值總額為六十二億七千三百萬港元（二〇一三年：五十七億一千一百萬港元）。下表對信託基金截至二〇一四年六月三十日止及二〇一三年六月三十日止的未平倉遠期外匯合約作出分析，這些合約將按總額結算，並按其餘下合約到期日劃分有關期限組別。下表所披露的款額為合約未折現現金流量，與信託基金財務狀況表所列的賬面價值（即市值）不同。

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	2014			2013		
		三個月或以下 Up to 3 months	三個月至一年 >3 months to 1 year	總額 Total	三個月或以下 Up to 3 months	三個月至一年 >3 months to 1 year	總額 Total
遠期外匯合約	Foreign exchange forward contracts						
流出	Outflows	(5,964)	(309)	(6,273)	(5,498)	(213)	(5,711)
流入	Inflows	5,947	306	6,253	5,530	207	5,737

(c) 信貸風險

由於借貸人或交易對手，未必有能力或願意於貸款到期時完全履行合約責任，因此信託基金承受著信貸風險。信貸風險主要來自信託基金的存款、債務證券及衍生交易。

信託基金透過審慎挑選交易對手及分散借貸，並只將存款存入信貸評級良好的財務機構，減低所承受的信貸風險。信託基金根據交易對手的信貸評級及財務實力而釐定信貸限額，從而控制其為每一獲批准交易對手所承受的整體風險。關於交易對手的信貸風險，則按照交易所涉財務產品的風險性質釐定。於二〇一四年六月三十日，信託基金須承受信貸風險的財務資產（如附註2.6）最高款額，接近財務狀況表所列的賬面價值。

14.2 資本風險管理

信託基金管理資本的宗旨，在於保障信託基金的持續經營能力，從而：

- 作為全港最大慈善資助機構，對公共及社區服務作出捐獻；及
- 支持信託基金穩定發展，並取得持續增長。

信託基金不斷監察其資本，即財務狀況表內所示的基金款額，以確保信託基金可透過慈善捐獻，對社會作出適當的回饋。

14.3 公平價值估計

香港財務報告準則第13號規定，以公平價值計算的資產及負債須按下列公平價值計算級別作出披露，下列級別是按照對有關公平價值計算有重大影響的最低輸入級別分類。

- 級別1：使用於交投活躍市場中相同資產及負債的報價（未經調整）計算的公平價值。
- 級別2：使用於交投活躍市場中類似資產及負債的報價，或所有重大輸入參數均直接或間接根據可觀察市場數據的估值技巧計算的公平價值。
- 級別3：使用重大輸入參數均不根據可觀察市場數據的估值技巧（例如折現現金流量分析）計算的公平價值。

當報價可即時和定期從證券交易所、交易商、經紀、業內人士、定價服務者或監管代理獲得，而該等報價代表按公平交易基準進行的實際和常規市場交易時，有關市場被視為活躍。

14 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

14.1 Financial risk factors (cont.)

(b) Liquidity risk (cont.)

As at 30 June 2014, the maximum gross notional value of outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts held by the Trust was HK\$6,273 million (2013: HK\$5,711 million). The table below analyses the Trust's outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts as at 30 June 2014 and 2013 that would be settled on a gross basis into relevant maturity buckets based on their remaining contractual maturity dates. The amounts disclosed in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows, which are different from the carrying amounts (i.e. market values) in the Trust's statement of financial position.

in HK\$ million	2014			2013		
	Up to 3 months	>3 months to 1 year	Total	Up to 3 months	>3 months to 1 year	Total
Foreign exchange forward contracts						
Outflows	(5,964)	(309)	(6,273)	(5,498)	(213)	(5,711)
Inflows	5,947	306	6,253	5,530	207	5,737

(c) Credit risk

The Trust is exposed to credit risk since a borrower or a counterparty may not be able or willing to perform its contractual obligations in full when due. It arises mainly from the Trust's deposit placements, debt securities and derivative transactions.

The Trust limits its exposure to credit risk by rigorously selecting the counterparties and by diversification and deposits are only placed with financial institutions with good credit standing. Credit limits are established to control the overall exposure to each authorised counterparty based on its credit ratings and financial strength. Counterparty credit exposures are measured according to the risk nature of financial products involved in the transaction. As at 30 June 2014, the Trust's maximum exposure to the credit risk of financial assets as defined in note 2.6 approximated their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

14.2 Capital risk management

The Trust's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern in order to:

- be a major benefactor of public and community services through charitable contribution; and
- support the Trust's stability and growth.

The Trust monitors its capital which is same as the Funds shown in its statement of financial position to ensure an appropriate level of return is made to the community in the form of donations.

14.3 Fair value estimation

HKFRS 13 requires disclosure for assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy, which is categorised based on the lowest level of input that is significant to that fair value measurement.

- Level 1: fair values measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: fair values measured using quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities, or using valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly based on observable market data.
- Level 3: fair values measured using valuation techniques (e.g. discounted cash flow analysis) in which any significant input is not based on observable market data.

A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

14 財務風險管理 (續)**14.3 公平價值估計 (續)**

級別2的財務資產和負債的公平價值，乃根據莊家報價或有可觀察輸入參數支持的其他價格來源釐定，其中最重大的輸入參數為市場利率。

在表中列為第三級的財務資產，主要包括並非在活躍市場進行買賣的另類投資。此等投資的價值乃根據各基金經理所提交的基金報告或已審核報告和在認為有需要時考慮其他有關因素而釐定。

(a) 下表顯示於六月三十日以公平價值計算的財務資產及負債。

(i) 信託基金

14 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)**14.3 Fair value estimation (cont.)**

The fair values of Level 2 financial assets and liabilities have been determined based on quotes from market makers or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs. The most significant input is market interest rates.

The financial assets classified as Level 3 and presented in the table consist mainly of alternative investments that are not traded in an active market. These have been valued based on information derived from individual fund reports, or audited reports received from respective fund managers and considering other relevant factors if deemed necessary.

(a) The following tables present the financial assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value as at 30 June.

(i) The Trust

		資本基金 Capital Fund				2013			
		2014			總額 Total	級別1	級別2	級別3	總額 Total
百萬港元	in HK\$ million	級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	級別3 Level 3		級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	級別3 Level 3	
資產	Assets					(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)
長期投資	Long-term investments								
可供出售財務資產	Available-for-sale financial assets								
股票	Equities	3,366	–	–	3,366	3,036	–	–	3,036
另類投資	Alternative investments	–	–	5,262	5,262	–	–	3,660	3,660
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	–	–	–	–	10	–	–	10
		3,366	–	5,262	8,628	3,046	–	3,660	6,706

		撥款基金 Allocations Fund				2013			
		2014			總額 Total	級別1	級別2	級別3	總額 Total
百萬港元	in HK\$ million	級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	級別3 Level 3		級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	級別3 Level 3	
資產	Assets					(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)	(重列) (restated)
用以資助慈善項目的投資	Investment held to fund charitable projects								
可供出售財務資產	Available-for-sale financial assets								
股票	Equities	238	–	–	238	223	–	–	223
債務證券	Debt Securities	–	413	–	413	–	498	–	498
另類投資	Alternative investments	–	–	1,422	1,422	–	–	1,446	1,446
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	2
負債	Liabilities								
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	–	–	–	–	–	(7)	–	(7)
		238	413	1,422	2,073	224	492	1,446	2,162

14 財務風險管理 (續)

14.3 公平價值估計 (續)

(a) 下表顯示於六月三十日以公平價值計算的財務資產及負債。(續)

(ii) 股票基金

百萬港元		in HK\$ million		資本基金 Capital Fund			
				2014		2013	
		級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	總額 Total	級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	總額 Total
資產		Assets					
長期投資		Long-term investments					
可供出售財務資產		Available-for-sale financial assets					
股票		9,551	–	9,551	4,891	–	4,891
衍生金融工具		–	–	–	23	11	34
負債		Liabilities					
衍生金融工具		–	(4)	(4)	(9)	(14)	(23)
		9,551	(4)	9,547	4,905	(3)	4,902

百萬港元		in HK\$ million		撥款基金 Allocations Fund			
				2014		2013	
		級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	總額 Total	級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	總額 Total
資產		Assets					
用以資助慈善項目的投資		Investment held to fund charitable projects					
可供出售財務資產		Available-for-sale financial assets					
股票		678	–	678	359	–	359
衍生金融工具		–	–	–	1	1	2
負債		Liabilities					
衍生金融工具		–	–	–	–	(1)	(1)
		678	–	678	360	–	360

14 財務風險管理 (續)

14.3 公平價值估計 (續)

(a) 下表顯示於六月三十日以公平價值計算的財務資產及負債。(續)

(iii) 債券基金

百萬港元		2014				2013			
		級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	級別3 Level 3	總額 Total	級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	級別3 Level 3	總額 Total
in HK\$ million									
資產		Assets							
長期投資		Long-term investments							
可供出售財務資產		Available-for-sale financial assets							
債務證券		-	6,421	101	6,522	-	5,615	10	5,625
衍生金融工具		7	36	-	43	14	76	-	90
負債		Liabilities							
衍生金融工具		(6)	(43)	-	(49)	(15)	(49)	-	(64)
		1	6,414	101	6,516	(1)	5,642	10	5,651

百萬港元		2014				2013			
		級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	級別3 Level 3	總額 Total	級別1 Level 1	級別2 Level 2	級別3 Level 3	總額 Total
in HK\$ million									
資產		Assets							
用以資助慈善項目的投資		Investment held to fund charitable projects							
可供出售財務資產		Available-for-sale financial assets							
債務證券		-	3,260	42	3,302	-	2,961	5	2,966
衍生金融工具		5	24	-	29	9	52	-	61
負債		Liabilities							
衍生金融工具		(4)	(27)	-	(31)	(10)	(33)	-	(43)
		1	3,257	42	3,300	(1)	2,980	5	2,984

信託基金的政策是於導致轉撥的事件或情況變化發生當日，確認公平價值計算級別的轉入及轉出。

於二〇一四年及二〇一三年，信託基金及股票基金在三個公平價值計算級別之間並無轉撥。

由於定價服務提供者有提供報價，因此於二〇一四年債券基金其中六百萬港元，已由級別3轉撥至級別2。而於二〇一三年，並無此項轉撥。

The Trust's policy is to recognise transfer into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the years of 2014 and 2013, there were no transfers among the three levels of fair value hierarchy classifications for the Trust and Equity Trust.

Due to availability of price quoted from pricing services providers, HK\$6 million was transferred from Level 3 to Level 2 for the Bond Trust in 2014. For the year of 2013, no such transfer was made.

14 財務風險管理 (續)

14.3 公平價值估計 (續)

(b) 根據級別3的規定計算公平價值的資產及負債結餘變動如下：

(i) 信託基金

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund	撥款基金 Allocations Fund	總額 Total
二〇一三年七月一日	At 1 July 2013	3,660	1,446	5,106
在以下報表確認的收益/(虧損)總額	Total gains/(loss) recognised in			
收益表	Income statement	63	18	81
全面收益表	Statement of comprehensive income	250	(22)	228
購入	Purchases	1,372	345	1,717
出售	Sales	(83)	(365)	(448)
二〇一四年六月三十日	At 30 June 2014	5,262	1,422	6,684
年內計入收益表並列作長期投資及用以資助慈善項目的投資盈餘的收益總額	Total gains for the year included in income statement and presented in surplus from long-term investments and investments held to fund charitable projects	63	18	81
呈報期末持有的資產及負債於年內計入收益表並列作長期投資及用以資助慈善項目的投資盈餘的收益總額	Total gains for the year included in income statement for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period and presented in surplus from long-term investments and investments held to fund charitable projects	—	—	—
百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund	撥款基金 Allocations Fund	總額 Total
二〇一二年七月一日	At 1 July 2012	3,008	1,658	4,666
在以下報表確認的收益總額	Total gains recognised in			
收益表	Income statement	15	17	32
全面收益表	Statement of comprehensive income	319	42	361
購入	Purchases	830	388	1,218
出售	Sales	(512)	(659)	(1,171)
二〇一三年六月三十日	At 30 June 2013	3,660	1,446	5,106
年內計入收益表並列作長期投資及用以資助慈善項目的投資盈餘的收益總額	Total gains for the year included in income statement and presented in surplus from long-term investments and investments held to fund charitable projects	15	17	32
呈報期末持有的資產及負債於年內計入收益表並列作長期投資及用以資助慈善項目的投資盈餘的收益總額	Total gains for the year included in income statement for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period and presented in surplus from long-term investments and investments held to fund charitable projects	—	—	—

14 財務風險管理 (續)

14.3 公平價值估計 (續)

(b) 根據級別3的規定計算公平價值的資產及負債結餘變動如下：(續)

(ii) 債券基金

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund	撥款基金 Allocations Fund	總額 Total
二〇一三年七月一日	At 1 July 2013	10	5	15
在以下報表確認的收益總額	Total gains recognised in			
收益表	Income statement	1	–	1
全面收益表	Statement of comprehensive income	20	8	28
購入	Purchases	77	32	109
出售	Sales	(3)	(1)	(4)
由級別3轉撥至級別2	Transfer from Level 3 to Level 2	(4)	(2)	(6)
二〇一四年六月三十日	At 30 June 2014	101	42	143
年內計入收益表並列作所佔合營公司溢利的收益總額	Total gains for the year included in income statement and presented in share of profits of joint ventures	1	–	1
呈報期末持有的資產及負債於年內計入收益表並列作所佔合營公司溢利的收益總額	Total gains for the year included in income statement for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period and presented in share of profits of joint ventures	–	–	–

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund	撥款基金 Allocations Fund	總額 Total
二〇一二年七月一日	At 1 July 2012	–	–	–
購入	Purchases	10	5	15
二〇一三年六月三十日	At 30 June 2013	10	5	15
年內計入收益表並列作所佔合營公司溢利的收益總額	Total gains for the year included in income statement and presented in share of profits of joint ventures	–	–	–
呈報期末持有的資產及負債於年內計入收益表並列作所佔合營公司溢利的收益總額	Total gains for the year included in income statement for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period and presented in share of profits of joint ventures	–	–	–

14 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

14.3 Fair value estimation (cont.)

(b) The movements of the balance of the assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on Level 3 were as follows: (cont.)

(ii) The Bond Trust

14 財務風險管理 (續)

14.3 公平價值估計 (續)

(c) 計算級別2內的公平價值時使用的估值技巧及輸入參數如下：

類型 Description	估值技巧 Valuation technique	重大輸入參數 Significant inputs
財務資產/負債 Financial assets/liabilities		
可供出售投資 Available-for-sale investments	折現現金流量 Discounted cash flow	折現率 Discount rate
遠期債券合約 Forward contracts on bonds	折現現金流量 Discounted cash flow	折現率 Discount rate
遠期外匯合約 Foreign exchange forward contracts	折現現金流量 Discounted cash flow	可觀察匯率 Observable exchange rates
期權 Options	柏力克-舒爾斯期權定價模式 Black-Scholes model	匯率、利率及波幅 Exchange rates, interest rates and volatility levels
掉期 Swaps	折現現金流量 Discounted cash flow	各種貨幣的可觀察匯率及掉期率 Observable exchange rates and swap rates of respective currency

(d) 有關使用重大無法觀察輸入參數(級別3)計算公平價值的額外資料：

類型 Description	估值技巧 Valuation technique	重大無法觀察輸入參數 Significant unobservable inputs	幅度(加權平均) Range (weighted average)
財務資產/負債 Financial assets/liabilities			
房地產基金投資 Real estate fund investments	資產淨值* Net asset value *	不適用 n/a	不適用 n/a
私募股權基金投資 Private equity fund investments	資產淨值* Net asset value *	不適用 n/a	不適用 n/a
對沖基金投資 Hedge fund investments	資產淨值* Net asset value *	不適用 n/a	不適用 n/a
債務證券 Debt securities	折現現金流量 Discounted cash flow	經紀或外界定價商採納的折現率 Discount rates adopted by brokers or external pricing vendors	5% - 23%

* 在上表中列為第三級的投資並非在活躍市場進行買賣，此等投資的價值乃根據各基金經理所提交的個別基金報告或已審核報告和在認為有需要時考慮其他有關因素而釐定，信託基金認為所呈報資產淨值為該等投資的公平價值。

* The investments classified as Level 3 and presented in the table above are not traded in an active market. These have been valued based on information derived from individual fund reports, or audited reports received from respective fund managers and considering other relevant factors if deemed necessary. The Trust has determined that the reported net asset value represent fair value of the captioned investments.

(e) 於二〇一四年六月三十日及二〇一三年六月三十日並無非財務資產或負債以公平價值列賬。

(e) At 30 June 2014 and 2013, no non-financial assets or liabilities were carried at fair value.

15 會計政策變更

信託基金於二〇一二年七月一日採納香港財務報告準則第10號「綜合財務報表」、香港財務報告準則第11號「合營安排」、香港財務報告準則第12號「在其他實體的權益披露」及香港會計準則第28號「於聯營公司及合營公司的投資」的後續修訂。新會計政策對財務報表構成以下財務影響。

(a) 合營公司使用權益法入賬

如附註4所示，信託基金投資於兩間合營公司，即股票基金及債券基金。股票基金及債券基金同屬投資平台，分別供信託基金進行股票及債券投資。信託基金透過分別持有股票基金及債券基金的百分之四十九點三及百分之五十點九權益，以及規定在安排下相關活動的決策必須取得各方一致同意，而對該等合營公司擁有共同控制權。有關投資項目已根據香港財務報告準則第11號分類為合營公司，因此財務報表已採用權益會計法。於採納香港財務報告準則第11號前，信託基金在股票基金及債券基金持有的權益按比例合併入賬。

信託基金將其於最早呈報期間開始時（二〇一二年七月一日）對合營公司的投資，確認為信託基金先前按比例合併入賬的資產及負債的賬面總值，現因採用權益會計法將之視為信託基金對合營公司的投資成本。

(b) 會計政策變更的影響如下表所示。**(i) 對收益表的影響**

百萬元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund			撥款基金 Allocations Fund		
		調整 Adjustments		截至二〇一三年 六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2013 (先前呈列) (previously stated)	調整 Adjustments		截至二〇一三年 六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2013 (先前呈列) (restated)
		採納香港財務報告 準則第11號以權益法為 下列各項入賬 Adoption of HKFRS 11 Equity method for			採納香港財務報告 準則第11號以權益法為 下列各項入賬 Adoption of HKFRS 11 Equity method for		
		股票基金 Equity Trust	債券基金 Bond Trust	股票基金 Equity Trust	債券基金 Bond Trust		
出售投資的盈餘	Surplus on sale of investments	1,663	(19) (77)	1,567	152	(1) (20)	131
投資所得股息	Dividend income						
收益 – 上市	from investments – listed	178	(11) –	167	17	(1) –	16
投資所得利息	Interest income from						
收益 – 上市	investments – listed	154	– (152)	2	107	– (95)	12
投資所得利息	Interest income from						
收益 – 非上市	investments – unlisted	53	– (53)	–	36	– (28)	8
衍生金融工具	Net losses of derivative						
的淨虧損	financial instruments	(102)	187 (26)	59	–	– –	–
衍生金融工具	Net gains of derivative						
的淨收益	financial instruments	–	– –	–	7	13 (22)	(2)
所佔合營公司溢利	Share of profits of joint ventures	–	(157) 308	151	–	(11) 165	154
影響淨額	Net impact	1,946	– –	1,946	319	– –	319
撥入基金的淨額盈餘	Net surplus transferred to Funds	2,546	– –	2,546	376	– –	376

15 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Trust adopted HKFRS 10, 'Consolidated financial statements', HKFRS 11, 'Joint arrangements', HKFRS 12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities', and consequential amendments to HKAS 28, and 'Investments in associates and joint ventures' on 1 July 2012. The new accounting policies have had the following financial impact on the financial statements.

(a) Joint ventures accounted for using the equity method

As shown in note 4, the Trust invests in two joint ventures, namely Equity Trust and Bond Trust. The Equity Trust and the Bond Trust are investment platforms for the Trust's investments in equities and debt securities respectively. The Trust has joint control over Equity Trust and Bond Trust by virtue of its 49.3% and 50.9% interests in these joint ventures respectively and the requirement for unanimous consent by all parties over decisions related to the relevant activities of the arrangements. The investments have been classified as joint ventures under HKFRS 11 and therefore the equity method of accounting has been used in the financial statements. Prior to the adoption of HKFRS 11, the Trust's interests in Equity Trust and Bond Trust were proportionately consolidated.

The Trust recognised its investments in the joint ventures at the beginning of the earliest period presented (1 July 2012), as the total of the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities previously proportionately consolidated by the Trust. These are the deemed costs of the Trust's investments in the joint ventures for applying equity accounting.

(b) The effects of the changes to the accounting policies are shown in the following tables.**(i) Impact on the income statement**

15 會計政策變更 (續)

(b) 會計政策變更的影響如下表所示。(續)

(ii) 對全面收益表的影響

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund				撥款基金 Allocations Fund			
		截至二〇一三年 六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2013 (先前呈列) (previously stated)	調整 Adjustments		截至二〇一三年 六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2013 (重列) (restated)	截至二〇一三年 六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2013 (先前呈列) (previously stated)	調整 Adjustments		截至二〇一三年 六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2013 (重列) (restated)
			採納香港財務報告 準則第11號以權益法為 下列各項入賬 Adoption of HKFRS 11 Equity method for	股票基金 Equity Trust			債券基金 Bond Trust	採納香港財務報告 準則第11號以權益法為 下列各項入賬 Adoption of HKFRS 11 Equity method for	
其後可能重新分類 撥入收益表的項目	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement								
可供出售財務資產	Available-for-sale financial assets								
價值變動	Change in value	(166)	154	193	181	(21)	11	64	54
所佔合營公司的 其他全面虧損	Share of other comprehensive loss of joint ventures	-	(154)	(193)	(347)	-	(11)	(64)	(75)
影響淨額	Net impact	(166)	-	-	(166)	(21)	-	-	(21)
本年度全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	2,380	-	-	2,380	355	-	-	355

(iii) 於二〇一三年六月三十日對財務狀況表的影響

(iii) Impact on the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013

百萬港元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund				撥款基金 Allocations Fund			
		於二〇一三年 六月三十日 As at 30 June 2013 (先前呈列) (previously stated)	調整 Adjustments		於二〇一三年 六月三十日 As at 30 June 2013 (重列) (restated)	於二〇一三年 六月三十日 As at 30 June 2013 (先前呈列) (previously stated)	調整 Adjustments		於二〇一三年 六月三十日 As at 30 June 2013 (重列) (restated)
			採納香港財務報告 準則第11號以權益法為 下列各項入賬 Adoption of HKFRS 11 Equity method for	股票基金 Equity Trust			債券基金 Bond Trust	採納香港財務報告 準則第11號以權益法為 下列各項入賬 Adoption of HKFRS 11 Equity method for	
非流動資產	Non-current assets								
合營公司投資	Investments in joint ventures	-	8,312	5,999	14,311	-	611	3,132	3,743
長期投資	Long-term investments	22,311	(8,301)	(5,973)	8,037	-	-	-	-
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	16	-	(16)	-	11	-	(11)	-
流動資產	Current assets								
用以資助慈善 項目的投資	Investments held to fund charitable projects	-	-	-	-	5,925	(610)	(3,114)	2,201
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	118	(34)	(74)	10	54	(2)	(50)	2
流動負債	Current liabilities								
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	(63)	23	40	-	(36)	1	28	(7)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities								
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	(24)	-	24	-	(15)	-	15	-
影響淨額	Net impact	22,358	-	-	22,358	5,939	-	-	5,939
基金	Funds	22,358	-	-	22,358	1,022	-	-	1,022

15 會計政策變更 (續)**(b) 會計政策變更的影響如下表所示。(續)**

(iv) 於二〇一二年七月一日對財務狀況表的影響

15 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**(b) The effects of the changes to the accounting policies are shown in the following tables. (cont.)**

(iv) Impact on the statement of financial position as at 1 July 2012

百萬元	in HK\$ million	資本基金 Capital Fund			撥款基金 Allocations Fund		
		於二〇一二年 七月一日 As at 1 July 2012 (先前呈列) (previously stated)	調整 Adjustments 採納香港財務報告 準則第11號以權益法為 下列各項入賬 Adoption of HKFRS 11 Equity method for		於二〇一二年 七月一日 As at 1 July 2012 (重列) (restated)	調整 Adjustments 採納香港財務報告 準則第11號以權益法為 下列各項入賬 Adoption of HKFRS 11 Equity method for	
		股票基金 Equity Trust	債券基金 Bond Trust		股票基金 Equity Trust	債券基金 Bond Trust	
非流動資產	Non-current assets						
合營公司投資	Investments in joint ventures	-	5,838	5,838	-	3,581	3,581
長期投資	Long-term investments	18,998	(5,872)	13,126	-	-	-
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	24	(24)	-	19	(19)	-
流動資產	Current assets						
用以資助慈善 項目的投資	Investments held to fund charitable projects	-	-	-	6,846	(3,608)	3,238
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	37	(21)	16	21	(17)	4
流動負債	Current liabilities						
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	(54)	52	(2)	(43)	41	(2)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities						
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	(27)	27	-	(22)	22	-
影響淨額	Net impact	18,978	-	18,978	6,821	-	6,821
基金	Funds	18,978	-	18,978	1,667	-	1,667

(v) 對現金流量表的影響

(v) Impact on the statement of cash flows

百萬元	in HK\$ million	調整 Adjustments 採納香港財務報告 準則第11號以權益法為 下列各項入賬 Adoption of HKFRS 11 Equity method for			
		截至二〇一三年 六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2013 (先前呈列) (previously stated)	股票基金 Equity Trust	債券基金 Bond Trust	截至二〇一三年 六月三十日止年度 For the year ended 30 June 2013 (重列) (restated)
投資活動	Investing activities				
(注資)/贖回	(Capital injection) / redemption	-	(5,693)	505	(5,188)
已收取利息	Interest received	368	-	(328)	40
已收取股息	Dividends received	371	(12)	-	359
購買可供出售財務資產	Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets	(35,872)	8,589	11,045	(16,238)
出售可供出售財務資產	Sale of available-for-sale financial assets	35,019	(3,097)	(11,280)	20,642
對衍生金融工具所付淨額款項	Net payment for derivative financial instruments	(199)	213	58	72
影響淨額	Net impact	(313)	-	-	(313)
投資活動所用的淨現金	Net cash used in investing activities	(289)	-	-	(289)

16 比較數字

若干比較數字已予調整，以配合本年度的會計政策變更。

16 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with the current year's accounting policy change.